

Land Activities Risk Assessment

Activity: Activities Team session delivery

What Are The Hazards?

- Weather
- Uneven ground
- Lack of communication
- Manual handling
- Uncooperative/ horseplay from groups
- Unskilled instructors
- Lake, swimming pool and Pond water
- Road, tracks and car parks
- Barbed wire

Who Is At Risk? Staff, participants and members of the public.

What Are The	Existing Safety Measures/Controls	Likelihood	Risk Rating
Risks?			
Hypothermia and Hyperthermia	 Uniform provided for Avon Tyrrell staff (PPE) Instructors to equip themselves suitable for the prevailing conditions Shelters and taps with drinking water located at or near to all activities to provide shade and hydration reducing the risk of over heating Guests are provided with suggested clothing for each session prior to participation Instructors to monitor groups and are aware of symptoms and actions to take to avoid situations arising from Hypothermia or Hyperthermia 	L	L
Slips, trip, falls, cuts & grazes	 All areas maintained to a practical level in keeping with the environment for the activity in question (i.e. natural woodland for environmental sessions, clear footing where spotting is required etc.) Area & activities visually inspected prior to sessions Instructors and guests will wear appropriate footwear for the activity in question. Unless otherwise stipulated, trainers are the recommended footwear but secure walking boots, wellington boots and shoes will be accepted for most activities. Clear instructor briefings and group control 	L	L



What Are The Risks?	Existing Safety Measures/Controls	Likelihood	Risk Rating
	Instructors aware of and to use the C.L.A.P throughout sessions		
	 Any individuals not adhering to Avon Tyrrell's safe working practices will be asked to refrain from participating until they are able to do so. 		
	 Participants are advised to wear long sleeves and trousers All Staff trained in appropriate spotting techniques 		
	Demonstrations or clear instructions given for all aspects of the sessions – participants may be used for this.		
Equipment Failure	 Area & activities visually inspected prior to sessions Activities follow a comprehensive monthly / bi- 		
Lack of communication leading to situation worsening	 M radio will be carried on sessions or located at the activity base Where the number of sessions exceeds the number of radios in operation, then radio sharing on activity bases is acceptable (i.e. 1 in the ropes and climbing area, 1 at the lake etc.) Mobile phones (turned to silent) encouraged on session as a back up When operating offsite then a charged mobile phone must be carried Procedures in place to support staff if an incident occurs DSI on duty and monitors activities Team and delivery 	L	L
Injuries through lifting heavy and awkward objects	 Training given to all staff prior to running the activities independently which includes manual handling techniques. Where staff hold qualifications, the manual handling advice provided during this training must be carried out Staff are encouraged to work together and use equipment where necessary to aid lifting where possible Instructors demonstrates correct lifting and manual handling techniques. Instructors to help with lifting and moving equipment. 	L	L
Injuries to staff and guests due to improper training	 Training will be provided to guests for all activities in line with the specific operating procedure for the activity. Training will be provided for instructors, this will be done with external and internal training courses The delivery of session is monitored by a senior member of the activities team and feedback is given 	L	L
Human error —	Full co-operation from group leaders in group control and discipline	L	L



What Are The Risks?	Existing Safety Measures/Controls	Likelihood	Risk Rating
groups not listening to briefings and taking in vital information.	 Instructors can stop a session if they feel that group members are acting in a dangerous or irresponsible manner If there is an issue, there will be a senior member of staff available to assist. 		
Contracting Lime disease Ehrlichiosis, Babesiosis and Bartonella from ticks	 Groups are encouraged not to go through bracken, tall grass or high vegetation. Especially between the high-risk months of May-June and September — October. Groups are encouraged to wear long sleeves and trousers in the high-risk months when doing activities. 'Tick picks' available to assist in removal of ticks if found during visits and advice given to seek medical attention if any of the signs/symptoms appear. 	L	L
Injury or death from vehicles working or visiting the site	 Group leaders to be aware of traffic areas and be responsible for the group- setting boundaries and making their group aware of Roads, tracks and car parks. Roads, tracks and car parks are marked on the Avon Tyrrell map Speed limits around site 15MPH Instructor running session to minimise time on roads and in car parks and where possible avoid. Ensure good group control Speeding drivers or inappropriate driving to be challenged by staff 	L	L
Injuries from Barbed wire (used across Avon Tyrrell's boundary to keep livestock out)	 Group leaders to be advised on arrival there are sections of barbed wire around the site and these have warning signs. Group leaders to be responsible for the groupsetting boundaries and making their group aware of location of Barbed wire. 	L	L
Getting lost and injured	 Group leaders to be responsible for the group-setting boundaries and making their group aware of hazards Avon Tyrrell has a lost person Procedure that can be put into action if someone is missing. On session the instructor will be familiar with the area they are using Instructors to maintain control over a group and regularly check numbers present 	L	L



What Are The Risks?	Existing Safety Measures/Controls	Likelihood	Risk Rating
Manual handling injuries from moving equipment — Instructors and participants	 Mechanical aids used to transport equipment- i.e. wheelbarrows No particularly heavy equipment used. Good instructor briefing and awareness. Challenges chosen must be appropriate to the group. Instructor training and assessment procedures prior to running sessions independently. Annual manual handling training for staff 	L	L

Reference to Other Manuals Assessments:

UK Youth Health and Safety policy
Unattended Child Policy
Missing child policy
Emergency procedures

Reviewed June 2020 by Chief Instructor
Approved by Director of Avon Tyrrell & Operations
Next review June 2022



Bush craft & Campfire Risk Assessment

Activity: Bush craft & Campfire

What are the hazards?

Timber, Tree roots, Branches, etc. Bracken, Sweet chestnuts, Pine cones

Poisonous Wild Foods

Nettles Weather Kelly Kettles Boiling water

Fire

Tools – predominantly knives and saws

Who is at risk? Staff, participants and members of the public.

What are the risks	Existing safety measures/controls	Likelihood	Risk Rating
Being hit on the head by timber, due to a dangerous carrying technique, or the shelter collapsing. Suffering eye damage from branches or twigs carried at eye level	 Helmets may be worn at the discretion of the instructor. If participants are asked to wear helmets, the instructor must also wear a helmet at all times Participants should be instructed in a safe carrying technique i.e. never carry timber above shoulder height and care taken when turning with the wood in order to prevent contact with other people At all times Participants are required to take general care in their actions and this is monitored by the instructor and group leader. Good instructor awareness 	L	L
Sweet chestnut cases or rubbish in leaf litter puncturing and/or irritating the skin.	 Participants should be advised to take care when gathering leaf litter Litter will be collected and placed in the bin whenever encountered 	L	L
Exposure to carcinogenic spores from bracken during late summer and autumn. Attempts to pull up bracken leading to cut hands	 Participants advised NOT to pull up bracken for use on their shelters and if they do the instructor will clearly brief the likelihood of cutting hand and how to pick it safely First aid kit available and instructor trained. 	L	L
Stings from Nettles during	Before collecting nettles the group will be shown the best method of collection	L	L



What are the risks	Existing safety measures/controls	Likelihood	Risk Rating
collection/ preparation	Gloves/rags will be made available to minimise stinging		
Eating inedible/ poisonous plants and fungi	 Group warned against eating anything from the wild unless they are certain of what it is, or have been advised of its fitness to eat by an accompanying expert Instructor only to provide samples of food they are able to positively identify, as being safe for consumption Particular care must be taken with fungi Instructor to be aware of any food allergies within the group before preparing/giving out any edible itemsboth wild foods and items being made on the session such as damper bread. If unsure, check with the group leader. 	L	L
Fire — spreading / setting light to the peat under ground	 Fires only to be lit in appropriate locations; i.e. on a clear site with no overhanging trees and either in a fire pit or raised off the ground Fires not to be left unattended at any time An adequate supply of water and a fire blanket to be on session at all times Fire to be extinguished before leaving the site. 	L	L
Scalding/burns by fire/hot food/pots/liquid	 Area immediately around a fire (the fire circle) should not be walked through; only individuals tending to the fire should be in close proximity and they must be invited in by the instructor If necessary a 'restricted' area will be physically marked out Instructor to make participants aware of safe fire lighting techniques and the effect of wind direction, etc. Instructor to judge whether handling of hot items is appropriate by group. if necessary participants may aid in the preparation of food, but only adults will be able to cook the food or handle pots Groups to be reminded at the start of the activity not to handle metal pots/kettle once they have been over a fire Oven gloves to be provided where pots need to be handled 	L	L



What are the risks	Existing safety measures/controls	Likelihood	Risk Rating
Burns during friction fire-lighting	 Correct method will be demonstrated and the activity carried out under the direct supervision of the instructor Group will be advised that the drill can still reach very hot temperature, even before smoke has been generated and therefore a suitable level of care taken in handling the drill Gloves to be made available for handling the nest if required 	L	L
Burns / Scalds from Kelly Kettles	 Group to be reminded that metal heats up quickly and not to touch the kettle once the fire has been lit Twigs to be added through the top hole in the Kelly kettle from the side, no hands should go directly over the top hole of the Kelly kettle Kettle should never be boiled with the cork fitted inside the spout The spout should not be positioned over the hole in the base pot Group to communicate when blowing into the fire to provide oxygen, So no fuel is added at this point in case embers gets blown upwards The instructor to mark out/ explain the area in front of the Kelly kettle water spout, where hot water may splash out when the kettle boils and ensures no one stands or walks through this area. When removing the kettle from the base pot, the handle should be held horizontally, with one hand on either side Boiling water should be poured with one hand on the handle and one hand pulling up the chain. Cups should always be placed on a flat/sturdy surface rather than being held in case of spillage. 	L	L
Cuts from tools	 Instructor to judge whether tool use is appropriate for the group. Where tool use is deemed appropriate, they should initially be used on a one to one basis 	L	М



What are the risks	Existing safety measures/controls	Likelihood	Risk Rating
	 Only when the instructor is confident about the participants abilities should the ratio be gradually increased Tool safety talk and demonstration to be given before using any tool with a group All tools to be kept in protective covers whilst not in use Tools to be regularly checked, maintained and kept in good condition. All tools should be visually checked before being taken onto session Group members should be encouraged to visually check a tool before use Instructor to account for all tools at the end of the section/session. 		
Entrapment / cuts when opening and closing of folding saws	 Instructor to demonstrate safe opening and closing of the saws When opening a folding saw, the tool should be orientated so that the blade faces away from the individual When closing the saw, care should be taken to ensure that fingers are not overlapping the slot where the blade will close into 	L	L
Injury through inappropriate carrying of tools	 Tools should always be carried one at a time, in the appropriate manner (usually at the point of balance) – see individual tool information sheets Where lots of tools need to be transported, they should be placed in an appropriate bag / container with safety guards on 	L	L
Tools being left unaccounted for	 All tools taken onto session should be stored in an appropriate receptacle Tools should always be counted in and out; before, during and after use When using tools with participants, the instructor should always be aware of how many tools are in use at one time 	L	L
Injury when sawing due to an unstable sawing base	 Where ever practical, the item being sawn should be raised off the ground onto a saw horse The non-sawing hand should be placed away from the line of cut, on the side that will remain once the cut has been made 	L	L



What are the risks	Existing safety measures/controls	Likelihood	Risk Rating
Food poisoning and germs contracted from unclean hands and food preparation	 Make sure all of the group wash and disinfect their hands before participating in any cooking or eating activities Instructor to ensure all food is prepared in a hygienic way on cutting boards Instructor to ensure food is cooked thoroughly and is hot when served Instructor to ensure all food is stored in cool dry containers in a secure cabinet Ensure all participants wash their hands at the end of the session 	L	L
Injuries deteriorating because the first aider is not able to see what they are doing because it's too dark	 Torch is to be carried within the group on all sessions On call staff available to support if needed. Instructors will be first aid trained. 	L	L
The member of staff on call unaware of the Campfire and in the event of an emergency no member of staff monitoring the radio and therefore no assistance being available	 ALWAYS ensure that the staff member on call is aware of the Campfire and that they will be monitoring the radio Give an expected time of finishing the session and radio the member of staff on call at the start and on completion of the activity Personal mobile phone recommended to be carried in case of radio communication breakdown. 	L	L

Reference to other manuals assessments: UK Youth Health and Safety policy

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